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STURMINSTER RURAL DISTRICT
COUNCIL



ANNUAL REPORT OF THE
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
FOR THE YEAR

1957

Medical Officer of Health -

NOEL F. PEARSON, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Chief Public Health Inspector -

F. HODSON, M.A.P.H.I., A.M.I.P.H.E., M.R.S.H.

Council Offices,
STURMINSTER NEWTON,
Dorset.

1st September, 1958.

To The Chairman and Members,
Sturminster Rural District Council.

Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit my Annual Report for the year 1957.

I regret that, owing to the poliomyelitis vaccination drive during the current year, it has not been possible for me to present this report to you at an earlier date in accordance with my usual custom.

The report is prepared and will be circulated in accordance with the requirements of the Sanitary Officers (Outside London) Regulations 1935 and 1951.

Again, the birth rate is slightly lower, 13.5 compared with 14.4 in 1956, whilst that of the Country as a whole has increased from 15.7 to 16.1.

It will be noted that deaths from lung cancer have increased.

I am indebted to Mr. Dean and Mr. Hodson, your Water Engineer and Public Health Inspector, for their co-operation and help during the year and for their assistance in preparing this report and to my clerk, Mrs. P. Dyas, for her efficient services throughout the year.

May I also acknowledge the happy co-operation and assistance I always obtain from your Clerk, Mr. Steptoe, your Housing Manager, Miss Bradley, and all the members of your staff.


Finally, I would like to thank you, Ladies and Gentlemen, for your courtesy and consideration throughout the year.

I have the honour to be,

Your obedient Servant,



Medical Officer of Health.



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STURMINSTER RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
FOR THE YEAR

1957.

A. Area = 45,364 acres.

Rateable value: 1st April 1958 = £72,184

Production of a penny rate: 1st April 1958 = £291.

Vital Statistics.

Population (Registrar General's Estimate) = 9,770.

LIVE BIRTHS.

	<u>Male.</u>	<u>Female.</u>		Comparative Rates	
				(a) Sturminster R.D.C.	(b) England & Wales.
Total	66	57	} Rate per 1,000 resident pop: = 12.6		
Legitimate	62	56			
Illegitimate	4	1		13.5	16.1

STILLBIRTHS.

Total	1	4	Rate per 1,000 live & stillbirths = 39.0	39.0	22.4
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DEATHS.

Total	83	72	Rate per 1,000 resident pop: = 15.9	12.8	11.5
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Deaths in infants under one year	2	1	Infantile death rate per 1,000 live births = 23.4	23.4	24.8
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	<u>1957.</u>	<u>1956.</u>	<u>1955.</u>	<u>1954.</u>
Deaths from Maternal Causes	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
" " Tuberculosis	Nil	2	Nil	Nil
" " Cancer of the Lungs	7	3	4	1
" " Other cancer	6			
" " Coronary Disease(Angina)	20	28	19	17
" " Other heart or circulatory disease	71			
" " Influenza	-	1	1	Nil
" " Pneumonia	5	11	5	3
" " Motor vehicle accidents	2	Nil	2	3
" " All other accidents	1	1	2	1
" " Suicide	1	1	Nil	2

B. Nature of the District.

The District is essentially agricultural in character. Glove making, both in the factory and in the home, is also carried out in many parts of the District.

C. Personal Health Services.

The personal health services, including the Ambulance Service, continued to be provided by the County Council.

The Public Health Laboratory Service has continued to be most helpful and co-operative in connection with the supervision of the quality of the water and milk supplies in the district and the control of infectious disease.

It is satisfactory to note that the increasing demand on Health Visitors time made by the increasing attention which they have now to give to old people has been met by the appointment of an additional Health Visitor in the North Dorset area with a corresponding reduction in the case load of each Health Visitor.

D. Environmental Health Services.

SANITARY STAFF.

Medical Officer of Health (Part time) - Noel F. Pearson,
M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

He also acts as Medical Officer of Health to four other District Councils in the North Dorset Area and as Assistant County Medical Officer to the Dorset County Council.

The time available which he has to devote to his duties with your Council is one half day per week.

Engineer and Surveyor - J.H. Dean, F.A.P.H.I.,
C.R.P.H.I., M.I.P.H.E.
who is also a qualified
Public Health Inspector.

Chief Public Health Inspector - F. Hodson, M.A.P.H.I.,
A.M.I.P.H.E., M.R.S.H.

Assistant Public Health Inspector - H.C. Watkin, M.A.P.H.I.

Both Public Health Inspectors are engaged full time on sanitary duties and meat inspection.

Clerical Staff - one whole time clerk and typing assistance
from typing pool.

WATER SUPPLY.

<u>Quantity.</u>	<u>Galls.</u>
Production - from Council's own Sources	206,027,000
<u>Less Bulk Supplies to -</u>	
Dorchester R.D.C.	5,777,000
Free Supplies (ex District)	<u>2,650,000</u>
	8,427,000
NETT DISTRICT CONSUMPTION -	<u>197,600,000</u>

WATER SUPPLY (Continued)

Afforded by meter	87,034,000 gallons
Unmetered (mainly domestic)	110,566,000 gallons
Average per head per day based on 9,760 persons = 31 gallons.	

Sources.

Cookwell (Spring)	daily yield	=	150,000 galls.
Duntish	"	=	96,000 "
Ibberton	"	=	26,000 "
Shillingstone	"	=	26,000 "
Total daily yield			298,000 galls.

Supplies were also obtained from boreholes at Alton Pancras, which source was test pumped in 1948 for fourteen continuous days at 30,000 gallons per hour.

The standing water level at this source is 12'6" from ground level and the greatest depression when pumping is recorded at 33'6" from ground level.

No shortage of water occurred during the year.

There has been very little complaint regarding pressure of supply and where complaints have been made, mainly in the Hinton St. Mary district, the cause was found to be due to the size of the service pipes.

Some improvement has been made by the provision of additional services and additional storage facilities.

No bulk supplies have been taken from adjoining Authorities and no water has been supplied to the Sherborne Rural District Council for their Holwell and Bishops Caundle supply.

A bulk supply of water from the Alton Pancras Pumping Station to the Dorchester R.D.C. was afforded during the year and amounted to 25,715,000 gallons.

Quality.

The quality of the Council's water supplies has been generally satisfactory throughout the year. Regular monthly samples have been submitted for bacteriological examination in addition to regular checks for the quantity of residual chlorine and annual samples for chemical analysis.

All the Council's sources of supply have been regularly chlorinated by chlorine gas at Alton Pancras source and other sources by hypo-chlorite.

At Okeford Fitzpaine and Buckland Newton the system of chlorination has been improved by the installation of electrically pumped injection systems.

New Works.

The re-laying of the following mains which were defective due to corrosion was carried out during the year.

Gold Hill, Child Okeford	=	4"
Wood Lane, Stalbridge	=	2"

Fringe Order, Buckland Newton.

As from the 1st April, 1957, a Fringe Order for part of Buckland Newton came into operation under which properties in the Dorchester Rural District adjacent to mains owned by the Sturminster Rural District Council, plus a branch main at Brockhampton originally laid by the Dorchester Council

WATER SUPPLY (Continued)

became supplied with water direct by the Sturminster Rural District Council. The number of properties concerned amounted to approximately fifteen farms and twenty cottages.

Distribution.

PARISH	Council Mains			Private Mains			Wells etc.	
	In	Out	Public Stand-pipes	In	Out	Public Stand-pipes	In	Out
Child Okeford	152	4	-	4	-	-	1	4
Fifehead Magdalen	45	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fifehead Neville	42	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hazelbury Bryan	148	4	-	1	-	-	1	2
Hanford	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hammoon	15	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hinton St. Mary	10	-	-	42	7	-	-	-
Ibberton	30	3	-	1	-	2	2	-
Lydlinch	82	2	-	-	-	-	1	1
Manston	42	2	-	-	-	-	1	-
Mappowder	42	-	1	-	-	-	1	3
Marnhull	296	6	1	4	-	-	2	4
Okeford Fitzpaine	126	2	-	4	-	-	-	-
Pulham	40	4	1	-	-	-	-	-
Stalbridge	308	6	3	-	-	-	-	2
Shillingstone	152	2	-	4	-	-	3	2
Stoke Wake	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	-
Stourton Caundle	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Woolland	-	-	-	17	3	1	-	6
Sturminster Newton	406	4	-	-	-	-	1	2
Wootton Glanvilles	40	2	-	10	-	-	-	2
TOTAL	2,057	46	6	103	10	3	13	30
Council Houses	1,132	-	-	8	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	3,189	46	6	111	10	3	13	30

The whole District is covered by an efficient and satisfactory water supply system and except for the Parishes of Stoke Wake, Woolland and part of Glanvilles Wootton where private water supply schemes are in operation, the whole district is supplied from the Council's mains.

The Parish of Hinton St. Mary is mainly covered by a bulk supply delivered into the Hinton St. Mary Estate mains and some difficulty has been experienced from shortage of water due to the size of the mains belonging to the Estate. Most of this difficulty has been rectified to a large extent by the Estate providing greater storage facilities and additional connections to the Council's mains, but the Council has decided in principle to lay new public mains in place of the existing private mains and the Scheme has been deferred in view of the restriction of capital expenditure.

As regards the Parish of Wolland a scheme has been approved in principle by the Ministry of Housing and Local Government for Council mains to supply that Parish in place of the existing private supplies. This scheme has also been deferred by the Council in view of the present policy of restriction of capital expenditure.

The Stoke Wake scheme for a private supply from a borehole has been completed and appears to be quite satisfactory.

The part of the Parish of Glanvilles Wootton supplied by private mains appears to be quite satisfactorily supplied.

Replacement of Mains.

A number of mains in the area are badly affected by external corrosion due to soil conditions and a programme of replacement has been prepared for replacing the defective mains over a period of five years at an expenditure of approximately £5,000.

Cathodic Protection.

In view of considerable difficulties due to "pinholes" appearing at comparatively regular intervals in a five mile stretch of 6" steel water main between Okeford Fitzpaine and Sturminster Newton, discussions have been held with the other Utilities, namely Post Office Telephones, Southern Gas Board and Southern Electricity Board with a view to the preparation of a joint scheme of cathodic protection on pipelines by the use of a "ground bed" and an "impressed" current from the electricity main.

The indications at the end of the year were that a scheme would be successful and with the exception of the Electricity Board, would be likely to proceed.

The advice of the National Physical Laboratory at Teddington was received on the matter and fully supported the principle of a joint scheme of protection.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

New Works.

The only new scheme of sewerage and sewage disposal carried out during the year was the one urgently required at Kings Stag. This scheme, which provides for the reception of effluent from the local Milk Factory where cheese is manufactured was nearly completed by the end of the year and an Agreement under the Public Health (Drainage of Trade Premises) Act, 1937 was made with the owners of the factory, providing for the reception of 4,000 gallons per day of effluent within an agreed maximum strength, and subject to a capital contribution of £1,500.

The completion of this scheme will overcome quite a number of serious nuisances in the immediate locality.

Proposed Works.

Consideration is being given by the Council to a proposed programme for the completion of all the Council's Sewerage Schemes within a period of approximately five years.

The urgent requirements are for

- (a) A small section of sewerage at Sackmore Lane, Marnhull.
- (b) A section in the main road at Hinton St. Mary, and
- (c) The provision of a Pumping Station and Rising Main to the Sewage Disposal Works for Bridge Street, Sturminster Newton.

Existing Works.

Maintenance work at the small Sewage Disposal Works at Marnhull, Manston, Hazelbury Bryan, Mappowder, Glanvilles Wootton and Stourton Caundle and Pulham, as well as various housing estate sewage systems has been successfully carried out by a flying squad of two workmen, who also operate the Council's cesspool emptying service.

The sewage disposal works at Stalbridge and Shillingstone each employ one full-time attendant and at the Sturminster Newton Sewage Works there are two men employed, with a responsibility for the maintenance of the various sewage pumping stations at Marnhull, Child Okeford, Shillingstone and Kings Stag.

Existing Works (Continued).

Difficulties are still being experienced with regard to the removal and disposal of sludge, particularly at Stalbridge, Marnhull, Sturminster Newton and Shillingstone. A Sub-Committee of the Council is considering various methods of dealing with this problem.

Samples of all effluents are regularly taken by the Dorset County Council and the great majority have been found, on examination, to be satisfactory.

Arrangements have been made between the Rivers Board and the Dorset County Council for the results of samples to be notified to that Authority.

Difficulties were experienced at the Sturminster Newton Sewage Works during the year due to an isolated fouling of the works with sump oil, for which the Company responsible paid the costs of the works necessary to put the matter in order.

In addition considerable difficulties have been caused by the effluent from the Slaughterhouse in Bath Road, due to the failure of the owners to observe the strict routine for preventing excess blood and solid materials from entering the sewer, and a good deal of pressure has had to be exerted to make the owners appreciate their obligations under their Drainage of Trade Premises Agreement.

Some improvement has taken place, but continual inspection is necessary.

PUBLIC CLEANSING.

House Refuse. A monthly collection of house refuse, with a fortnightly collection in the more built-up areas, is made, and the refuse is dealt with by controlled tipping at the Fifehead Neville tip.

Planning permission has been obtained for tipping in the old clay workings at Okeford Fitzpaine Brickworks, but negotiations are still pending with the Lessee, in respect of its future use.

An exploratory conference was held during the year, into the possibility of joint refuse disposal arrangements being made between the various authorities in the North Dorset Area. Such a scheme would have undoubted advantages, particularly if some form of incineration and salvage separation depot could be built.

It is most difficult to maintain even one tip per district in a thoroughly satisfactory state, without incurring excessive expenditure in the employment of labour and equipment. The main difficulty is getting hold of sufficient covering material such as ashes, which will provide a useable access to the tipping face during very bad weather.

Salvage.

The value of salvage collected during the year was -

Baled paper	£349. 2s. 6d.
Bags, string & carpet	15. 11s. 10d.
Iron	23. 13s. 6d.
Metal (non-ferrous)	19. 7s. 8d.
	<hr/>
	£407. 15s. 6d.
	<hr/>

Public Cleansing (Continued)

Cesspool Emptying. The cesspool emptying service, operated under Section 74 of the Public Health Act, 1936 has been valuable during the year and has almost eliminated cesspool nuisances. This cesspool emptier is also used in connection with the maintenance of small sewage disposal works in small adjoining villages and on housing estates, and also operated at the request of adjoining Rural Districts.

No. of loads taken from cesspools during the year = 1,054.

RIVERS AND STREAMS POLLUTION.

Some complaints are still received with regard to the pollution of ditches from inadequate sewerage arrangements. This is inevitable until the Council's sewerage schemes can be fully implemented.

SHOPS ACTS.

Ten inspections were carried out under the Shops Acts in the course of which no defects were found to be dealt with.

FACTORIES ACT, 1937.

	<u>No. of premises on register.</u>	<u>Inspections.</u>	<u>Written Notices.</u>
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 & 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	12	11	1
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	31	26	-
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	6	10	1
Total -	49	47	2

No. of cases in which defects were -

	<u>Found</u>	<u>Remedied</u>
Want of cleanliness	3	2
Sanitary Conveniences -		
Insufficient	3	3
Unsuitable or defective	1	1
Total -	7	6

No. of outworkers = 122

SMOKE ABATEMENT.

No action was called for or taken during the year.

SWIMMING BATHS.

There are no swimming baths in the district to which the public have access.

MOVEABLE DWELLINGS AND CAMPING SITES.

Only three caravans remained licensed in the district at the end of the year.

VERMINOUS PREMISES.

During the year, the following infestations have been dealt with -

Fleas	-	3
Fly infestations	-	3
Silver Fish	-	1

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949.

The North Dorset Joint Rodent Committee of which the Sturminster Rural District Council is one of the six constituent authorities, continued to carry out the provisions of the Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949.

The total number of inspections made under the Act in the district was 593. This figure includes inspections by the officers of the Local Authority, in addition to those carried out by the Joint Committee. This figure compares with 1,018 for the previous year and reflects the degree to which rodents are becoming controlled in the district.

RAG FLOCK & OTHER FILLING MATERIALS ACT, 1951.

There are no premises subject to registration under the above-mentioned Act within the district.

PET ANIMALS ACT, 1951.

No premises are licensed under the Act.

SCHOOLS (INCLUDING SCHOOL CANTEENS).

The standard of hygiene of the school canteens in the district has remained consistently high.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACTS, 1948 & 1951 - Section 47.

No statutory action was required to be taken during the year under these Acts for the compulsory removal of an old person requiring care and attention to an Institution.

HOUSING.

No. of houses in the district 3,404

Inspection of dwelling houses during the year -

No. of dwelling houses inspected during the year	<u>378</u>
No. of inspections made	<u>500</u>
No. of informal notices served	<u>18</u>
No. of informal notices complied with	<u>13</u>
No. of statutory notices served	<u>10</u>
No. of statutory notices complied with	<u>7</u>
No. of houses reported under Section 11 of the Housing Act, 1936	<u>7</u>
Action taken by the local authority in respect of such houses -	
Demolition Orders made	<u>Nil</u>
Undertakings accepted for -	
Closure	<u>4</u>
Reconditioning	<u>Nil</u>
Other action	<u>2</u>

Inspection of dwelling houses (Continued)

No. of houses included in Cleamance Areas during the year Nil

Slum Clearance.

At the end of the year, there were only fifty three 'unfit' houses remaining to be dealt with under slum clearance procedure. Of these, it is anticipated that about half will, in due course, become reconditioned.

A proportion of these are occupied by elderly owner-occupiers who wish for no alternative accommodation and whom the Council would not wish to disturb.

Overcrowding.

No case of statutory overcrowding was found during the year.

Houses Let in Lodgings.

No houses are known to be let in lodgings.

Housing Repairs and Rents Act, 1954.

No applications were received during the year for certificates of disrepair under the above-mentioned Act.

Improvement Grants (Housing Act, 1949 and Housing Repairs and Rents Act, 1954).

Twenty-eight applications were received during the year (compared with forty-five during the preceding year) for grants under the above-mentioned Act. Thirty grants were made and the consideration of two were still pending at the end of the year.

During the year the Council decided to restrict the type of property upon which they would make improvement grants to (a) Agricultural Cottages, and (b) Properties scheduled for re-conditioning or demolition.

This decision was made as an economy measure, and has restricted the number of grants made during the year.

Provision of New Houses and Rehousing.

Ten new dwellings were provided by the Council during the year and eight by private enterprise. The total number of Council houses in the district is 1,143.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD SUPPLIES.

1. Milk.

Food & Drugs (Milk & Dairies) Act, 1944.

No. of 'dealers' subject to registration by the District Council under regulation 14 of the Milk (Special Designations) (Raw Milk) Regulations 1949

11

1. Milk (Continued)

No. of 'Dealers' subject to licensing under regulation 14 of the Milk (Special Designations) (Pasteurised and Sterilized Milk) Regulations, 1949	11
No. of 'dairies' in the district subject to registration under regulation 8 of the Milk & Dairies Regulations 1949	3
No. of 'distributors' subject to registration under regulation 8 of the Milk & Dairies Regulations, 1949	13

Samples.

Thirty-four samples of milk were taken and submitted for examination during the year.

Milk & Dairies Regulations 1949 - Regulation 20.

No action was called for or taken during the year.

2. Other Food Premises.

The number of food premises in the area, by type of business:-

Hotels, restaurants, cafes and boarding houses	42
Canteens - School and workplace	4
Confectioners	15
Meat and Fish	11
Grocers	35
Mixed Stores	42
Boarding Schools and other residential institutions	5
Food factories	3
Stalls	6
Other	3

No. of above subject to registration under Section 16 of the Food & Drugs Act, 1955 in respect of -

Ice-cream	32
Sausages & prepared meats	10
Fish & chips	2

No. of samples of ice-cream taken and submitted for Methylene Blue Test 36

Results:-	Grade 1	-	32
	" 2	-	4
	" 3	-	Nil
	" 4	-	Nil

It will be seen that no samples of ice-cream were found to be unsatisfactory, Grades 3 and 4 ranking as unsatisfactory results.

No observations are called for in respect of The Ice-Cream (Heat Treatment) Regulations 1947 - 1952, in so far as no manufacture of ice-cream is carried out in the district.

Byelaws in respect of the Handling and Wrapping of Food etc., are operative in the district.

The Food Hygiene Regulations, 1955.

Inspections under the Food Hygiene Regulations have been continued during the year, and whilst no statutory action has been taken under these regulations, a steady improvement in the general conditions has been noticed.

The small shop continues to be one of the biggest problems, and where the maximum requirements of the Food Hygiene Regulations would be so costly as to cause hardship or possibly the closing of the premises, efforts have been made to persuade the traders concerned to deal only in pre-packed goods, in respect of which the requirements are less stringent.

Food Inspection.

Slaughterhouses. Two licensed slaughterhouses continued to be used in the district during the year.

During the year there has been an increase in the number of animals killed, although this was due to some extent to the emergency arising from the outbreak of Foot and Mouth Disease. Animals which had been purchased within the district by the Fatstock Marketing Corporation have had to be killed in one or other of the local slaughterhouses, as no licence could be obtained from the Ministry to take the cattle out of the district alive.

I can only repeat the unsatisfactory state of affairs existing by reason of the fact that meat inspection is not compulsory, and that the Local Authority have little or no control over the hours of slaughtering. One further difficulty in the law at present relating to slaughterhouses, has been brought into sharp relief during the year, this being the fact that once a licence is granted in respect of a particular slaughterhouse, there is little that the Council can do to control expansion of the business beyond the real capacity of the slaughterhouse.

Considerable difficulty has been experienced locally, in connection with the method of identification and treatment of carcasses found affected with localised *Cysticercus Bovis*, and it is felt that the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food could do a great deal more than they are doing at the present time to secure that uniform methods of inspection and treatment are adopted throughout the country in this connection, and in fact generally in the field of meat inspection.

Disposal of Condemned Food.

Condemned meat from the slaughterhouses goes to trades accepting inedible offal, the most diseased meat for manufacture into glue and artificial manure and the less diseased meat to trades concerned with the dog and cat meat sales. Other condemned foodstuffs are disposed of at the Council's refuse tip.

It is to be regretted that there is still no satisfactory provision for controlling the disposal of condemned meat.

Meat Inspection at Slaughterhouses.Carcases and Offal Inspected and Condemned.

	Cattle Excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number killed	1,232	1,364	8,815	3,435	1,763
Number inspected	1,232	1,364	8,815	3,435	1,763
<u>All diseases except Tuberculosis & Cysticerci:</u>					
Whole carcasses condemned	4	20	19	5	5
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	271	650	71	132	301
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci	22.3%	49.1%	1.0%	4%	11.7%
<u>Tuberculosis only:</u>					
Whole carcasses condemned	2	18	2	-	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	87	323	5	-	14
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	7.2%	25%	.08%	-	.8%
<u>Cysticercosis:</u>					
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	56	20	-	-	-
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration	56	20	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-

Meat Inspection at Butchers' and Other Shops.

Twenty-one inspections were carried out.

Food Condemned - 28 tins of miscellaneous food.
- 64 lbs. Meat (at School Canteen).

SUMMARY OF SANITARY INSPECTIONS (INCLUDING HOUSING) CARRIED OUT.

Total No. of inspections (under all headings)	230
Total No. of informal notices served	42
Total No. of informal notices complied with	36
Total No. of statutory notices served	6
Total No. of statutory notices complied with	5
No. of prosecutions	1

E. NOTIFIABLE DISEASE.

Other than Tuberculosis -

<u>Disease</u>	<u>Total Cases Notified</u>
Measles	81
Whooping Cough	56
Scarlet Fever	2
Erysipelas	4
Pneumonia	2

Tuberculosis -

<u>New Cases Notified.</u>	
<u>Respiratory.</u>	<u>Non-Respiratory.</u>
1	-

Food Poisoning.

There were no cases of suspected food poisoning notified during the year.

NOEL F. PEARSON.

Medical Officer of Health.

